

Homily of Fifteenth Sunday in Ordinary Time, Year C, 2025

Deuteronomy 30:10-14; Psalm 69:14, 17, 30-31, 33-34; Colossians 1:15-20; Luke 10:25-37

Jesus' receptiveness and patience in his encounter with the scholar of the law is instructive and a challenge to us. It is clearly stated that the scholar's questions to Jesus were ill-motivated. Firstly, he "stood up to test Jesus." Jesus knew that, yet he calmly interacted with him. Secondly, he further questioned Jesus "because he wished to justify himself." Jesus knew what was on the mind of the scholar, yet Jesus took time to give him the parable of the Good Samaritan. Jesus teaches us that characters of receptiveness and patience produce harmony which take us a long way where impatience and irritable attitudes cannot take us. Impatience and irritable attitudes can only produce strained relationship.

Jesus made the scholar to answer his own question. The scholar referenced Deuteronomy 6:5, "You shall love the Lord, your God, with all your heart, with all your being, with all your strength, and with all your mind." And Leviticus 19:18, "You shall love your neighbor as yourself." In every part of the world are all kinds of religions which teach love of God; yet there is so much violence and suffering everywhere caused by hatred of fellow human beings. Hence, St. John tells us, "If anyone says, 'I love God,' but hates his brother is a liar; for whoever does not love a brother whom he has seen cannot love God whom he has not seen. This is the commandment we have from him: whoever loves God must also love his brother" (1 John 4:20-21).

We express our love of God through our worship of him. But such love is incomplete if we do not love fellow human beings who are God's image. Jesus says, "Truly I tell you, whatever you did for one of the least of these brothers and sisters of mine, you did for me" (Matthew 25:40). Therefore, love of neighbor is love of God.

The two religious leaders (the priest and the Levite) in the parable of the Good Samaritan "passed by on the opposite side" and did not show love to the man who fell victim to robbers. A few suggestions are given as to the reason for their action. It is almost certain that the priest and the Levite acted in accordance with Numbers 19:11-16 that says, "Those who touch the corpse of any human being will be unclean for seven days; they shall purify themselves with the water on the third and on the seventh day, and then be clean. But if they fail to purify themselves on the third and on the seventh day, they will not become clean. Those who touch the corpse of a human being who dies and who fail to purify themselves defile the tabernacle of the Lord and these persons shall be cut off from Israel. ... Moreover, everyone who in the open country touches a person who has been slain by the sword or who has died naturally, or who touches a human bone or a grave, will be unclean for seven days." The priest and the Levite probably presumed that the man was dead. Therefore, the law forbade them from touching the victim.

It could be that the priest and the Levite knew that the man was not dead but they were in a hurry to meet up with some religious duty. Therefore, they had no time for the victim. It could be that they were not hurrying to a religious duty but could not sacrifice what it takes to attend to the victim as the Good Samaritan did.

'Our neighbor' is the situation that requires our attention, and the person in need of our help. Love of neighbor involves sacrifice of giving of time, talent, and materials. It requires generosity. The Good Samaritan is a model. Jesus says to us, "Go and do likewise." We are to approach 'our neighbor' and help rather than pass by on the opposite side.

As people of faith, we know that God's reward awaits us for our love of him by our loving our neighbor. Somehow, someday, the love or the hatred we give comes back to us. "What goes around, comes around!"

For those who sacrifice mercy and charity on the altar of rules and regulations and on the altar of convenience, St. Vincent de Paul says, "Charity is certainly greater than any rule. Moreover, all rules must lead to charity." And Brother Abraham of St. Gregory's Abbey writes, "We hear the saying a lot, 'People are more important than rules,'... That upsets us sometimes, because we all know how much easier it is to follow a set of rules than it is to consistently love other people and treat them with kindness and compassion."

May the Holy Spirit flush out hatred and pour true love into our hearts. Amen.

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